Part B. Symbolize the following arguments, using the indicated predicate letters, relation letters, and name letters.

1. There is something that caused everything. So, something has caused itself. (C)

2. Dumbo is bigger than any mouse. Mickey is a mouse. So, Dumbo is bigger than some mouse. (d, m, B)

3. Nothing can cause itself. So, nothing can cause everything. (C)

4. Bill the Barber shaves only those who pay him. Whoever pays someone has money. George has no money. So, Bill does not shave George. (b, P, S, M = has money, g)

5. Everything affects something important. But some things are not important. So, some important things are affected by some unimportant things. (A, I)

6. Nancy is a girl who loves all boys. Frank is a boy who hates all girls. So, some girl likes some boy who hates her. (n, G, L, B, f, H)

7. God can stop any event that is about to happen, provided he knows of it. God knows all events that are about to happen. So, God can stop all bad events that are about to happen. (g, E, A, K, S, B)

8. Whatever. So, Red things that have blue things are things that have things. (R, B, H)

9. Whatever is alive has some non-physical component. Whatever is non-physical is outside of time. Whatever is outside of time is eternal. So, whatever is alive has some eternal component. (A, P, C, O, E)

10. All spiritual things in the actual situation are spiritual in all possible situations. In all possible situations, all spiritual things are outside of time. So, all spiritual things in the actual situation are outside of time in all possible situations. (Px = x is a possible situation, a = the actual situation, xSy = x is spiritual in situation y, xOy = x is outside of time in situation y)